



MISSION

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: October 31, 2004
Estimated average burden
hours per response.....12.00

FORM X-17A-5

PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER

**8-** 28862

**FACING PAGE** 

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Presenter

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	3/1/2003	AND ENDING_	2/29/2004
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION Baseline	(1967-23) 8 1964 (1 - 1968-1863 (1964-1964)
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Bradley	Woods & Co.	1000 Mai 1	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
555 Madison Avenue			
	(No. and Street)		
New York,	NY	10	0022
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P Edward Cohen	ERSON TO CONTACT IN		EPORT 03) 454-2210
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
The Lieb Group LLP	whose opinion is contained  (Name - if individual, state la:		
880 Third Avenue	New York	NY	10022
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			,
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant		Ga	OCESSE"
☐ Accountant not resident in Un	nited States or any of its po	ssessions.	1 4 2004
	FOR OFFICIAL USE		
			HOWSON FINANCIAL

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Daniel</u>	Ripp	* 2		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
•	elief the accompanying final dley Woods & Co.		t and supporting s	chedules pertaining to the firm of
of Februa	ry 29	, 20_ (	) 4 , are true an	d correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company				s any proprietary interest in any account
•	hat of a customer, except as			
·	•			
	<u> </u>	10 10 1		- Comment
			<u> </u>	Di-
DAVID S.	LOCKER tate of New York		<u></u>	
No. 01LO	<b>)4970</b> 053			Eignature .
Qualified in Ne Commission Exni	ew York County ires July 30, 2008		Pre	esident
<u> </u>	0 0			Title
Mar S)	& Long.			
2000	2770090		•	
Notar	y Public			
This report ** conta	ains (check all applicable box	(es):		
(a) Facing Page				
` '	of Financial Condition.			
	of Income (Loss).			
	of Changes in Financial Cond			
	of Changes in Stockholders'			
	of Changes in Liabilities Sub on of Net Capital.	ordinated to C	tains of Creditors	•
	on for Determination of Rese	rve Peguirema	ente Dureuant to P	ula 15c2 2
	n Relating to the Possession			
				of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
	on for Determination of the F			
				ncial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidati				
(i) An Oath or	r Affirmation.			
	the SIPC Supplemental Repo	rt.		
(n) A report de	scribing any material inadequ	acies found to	exist or found to ha	eve existed since the date of the previous audi

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

## BRADLEY WOODS & CO. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION FEBRUARY 29, 2004

#### CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	2
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	3 - 4

#### THE LIEB GROUP LLP

**ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS** 

880 THIRD AVENUE NEW YORK, N. Y. 10022-4730

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Stockholders of Bradley Woods & Co.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bradley Woods & Co. as of February 29, 2004. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Bradley Woods & Co. as of February 29, 2004 in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, the Company's significant reduction in revenues raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The Siel Group JSP

New York, New York April 20, 2004

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### FEBRUARY 29, 2004

#### **ASSETS**

Cash and cash equivalents Due from broker Securities owned, at market value Other assets  TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 43,262 3,770 280 11,540 \$ 58,852
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQU	<u>UTY</u>	
LIABILITIES: Accrued expenses and other liabilities		\$ 13,743
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Preferred stock, no par value; authorized 200 shares; issued and outstanding 18.5263 shares; liquidation value \$10,000 Common stock, no par value; authorized 200 shares; issued and outstanding 30 shares Deficit	\$185,263  20 (140,174)	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		45,109

\$ 58,852

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### FEBRUARY 29, 2004

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION:

Bradley Woods & Co. (a Corporation) is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Corporation records fee income, securities transactions and related income and expenses on a trade date basis.

Securities owned are stated at quoted market values with the resulting unrealized gains and losses reflected in the results of operations.

Deferred income taxes result from timing differences in the recognization of revenues and expenses for income tax and financial reporting purposes. These timing differences arise principally from the filing of income tax returns on the cash basis of accounting.

#### 3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT:

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the Corporation is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule which requires that the Corporation maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of one-fifteenth of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$5,000 whichever is greater. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day, but as of February 29, 2004 the Corporation had net capital of \$33,526 which exceeded requirements by \$28,526.

#### 4. COMMITMENTS:

The Company leases office space on a month to month basis for approximately \$3,000 per month. The monthly rental is also subject to customary escalations for real estate taxes and building operating expenses.

#### NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### FEBRUARY 29, 2004

#### 5. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK:

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and due from broker.

The Company primarily places excess cash balances in money market accounts with high credit quality financial institutions, most of which are federally insured. The Company also invests in marketable securities, which management believes there is no significant risk of loss.

No credit risk exists at February 29, 2004 with respect to amount due from broker, since the receivable has been subsequently collected.

#### 6. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Management believes that the carrying amounts of financial instruments reported on the balance sheet approximate their fair value.

#### 7. ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 8. GOING CONCERN:

The revenues of the Company have decreased significantly. The management of the Company is developing plans to increase the revenues of the Company. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

# BRADLEY WOODS & CO. INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2004

#### THE LIEB GROUP LLP

**ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS** 

880 THIRD AVENUE NEW YORK, N. Y. 10022-4730

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

To the Stockholders of Bradley Woods & Co.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Bradley Woods & Co. for the year ended February 29, 2004, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Bradley Woods & Co. that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. The Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemption and no facts came to our attention indicating that such conditions had not been complied with during the period.

We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal accounting control procedures or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at February 29, 2004, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and should not be used for any other purpose.

The Sieh Graup SSP

New York, New York April 20, 2004